

JOHN MITCHELL CALLS UPON LABOR UNIONISTS TO JOIN IN FIGHT AGAINST TUBERCULOSIS

John Mitchell, the labor union leader, has taken a strong stand in urging all members of labor organizations to help in every way the crusade being made against tuberculosis, and the address that he recently delivered to labor unionists in the auditorium of the international tuberculosis exhibition in Philadelphia contains a message that is far-reaching and most vivid, and which shows that Mr. Mitchell has carefully studied the conditions and is able to bring forth facts to back up his startling statements. His researches have shown that tuberculosis is more prevalent in industrial districts than in others, and he advises the workmen of the country to lead clean lives and adopt moderate habits and sanitary customs in their personal lives and in their homes.

He makes the claim, which is backed by statistics, painstakingly compiled, that there is only one class of people in this country who furnish a greater number of victims to the great white plague than are furnished by the organized laboring men, and that class is the unorganized workmen. In earnest words he laid before his hearers the horrors of the disease, explained its insidious advance, and pointed out the duty that each laboring man owed to himself, his brothers, his class, to adopt every precautionary measure and aid in every possible manner to stamp out the terrible plague.

The labor leader asserted that every trade unionist, whether or not conscious of the fact, made war upon tuberculosis whenever instituting a struggle for higher wages, for shorter hours, for better conditions of life, and added: "Whenever any of these struggles are successful, labor strikes a telling blow against the advance of this insidious, destructive malady."

To point out more specifically and to emphasize more pointedly the effect against tuberculosis which has in the past come through trade union support, Mr. Mitchell illustrated his points by reviewing the cigarmaking industry. He said:

Enthusiasm and Fat

These two, like oil and water, mix poorly. This does not imply fat men and women never get enthusiastic. They do down deep inside. But what does it amount to? Their fat doesn't get excited. They can't transmute their enthusiasm into energetic action, so they might as well keep calm.

Thus it is that fat people generate much steam for life's work only to find the load too much for the horsepower, and as a result thousands of both sexes get just so far and no farther. "Much they care," says the untitled slim one. But they do care. They care keenly for financial, mental, social, business, fall hunting, straight-front and comfort reasons, and that is why Marmola Prescription Tablets have been so heartily welcomed by the overweight classes. The reason is not far to seek. Marmola Prescription Tablets take off about a pound a day, in most cases, without interfering in any way with the taker's table tendencies or his love of ease. To some, possibly, their absolute economy appeals. Thus one large case costing seventy-five cents at any drug store or one of the makers, The Marmola Company, Detroit, Mich., direct, is said in itself alone to contain enough tablets to make a decided change in any one.

But these are merely surface reasons. Marmola checks the formation of fat by curbing the fat-forming tendency. The fat just slips away, as it were, without a sign of a wrinkle. Thus the work these tablets do is not injurious. It is natural. That is the real reason these tablets are so much appreciated. They are safe.

tuberculosis, while at the present time, as a consequence of the progressive improvement in the conditions of employment, death rate from consumption among the members of the International Cigarmakers' union has been reduced to 24 per cent.

"In 1888 the average length of the lives of members of the Cigarmakers' union was 31 years 4 months and 20 days; in 1905 it was 46 years, 10 months and 24 days. That this marked reduction in the death rate from tuberculosis is due to the improved conditions surrounding the lives and the labor of union cigarmakers is clearly demonstrated by the fact that there has been practically no diminution in the number or the proportion of deaths from this disease among non-union cigarmakers. And what is true of the cigarmaking industry is in large measure true of other industries.

Weak Become Victims.

"In the consideration of this transcendently important matter it is necessary to understand that tuberculosis finds most of its victims among the men and women who, through overwork, loss of sleep and underfeeding, are physically and mentally weak and emaciated. The strong, healthy man, who works in the pure air and who lives amidst pleasant, happy surroundings is practically impervious to the onslaughts of the disease, while his less fortunate fellow-man falls an easy victim to it.

"It is, of course, not sufficient to combat the encroachments of disease and death by these efforts alone. We should in addition thereto be governed by simple and obvious rules of health and conduct.

"Many years ago the American Federation of Labor inaugurated a movement against tuberculosis which has been carried forward with marked success. It has been suggested that while you are carrying on your struggle for a shorter work day, for higher wages, and for better sanitary conditions in mine

mill, workshop and home, you also observe and encourage temperate habits and freedom from excesses; that you abstain from spitting on the sidewalks or on the floors of your rooms or workshops; that you be careful to have the windows open in your bedrooms day and night; that you bathe thoroughly and frequently, and that under all circumstances you refuse to eat with soiled hands.

"Do not be afraid to sleep with your windows open. When I was young we were taught that the night air was dangerous. This is nothing but superstition. The beds in which we slept were occupied almost constantly; the men who worked on the night shift taking the beds when the day workers arose. This unsanitary condition still prevails in many industrial communities."

Mr. Mitchell is an enemy of intemperance. In his speech he made a strong point in urging laboring men to avoid alcoholic excesses, stating that to be one of the most important things of all in the fight against tuberculosis. He said that the notion that whisky prevents cures or checks consumption had long ago been exploded, and affirmed that, as a matter of record, alcoholic drinks had often caused the malady and had in many instances hastened consumptive drinkers to their graves.

"Let me give you men this solemn warning," said Mr. Mitchell, in speaking of alcoholic indulgences, "it will destroy not only your health, but your character, your mind and your worth as a man." He closed his address by urging the organized workmen of the country to take a more active interest in the crusade against tuberculosis, to work through committees from the various unions in co-operation with the Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, and said: "The members of this society and the men of science and learning cannot carry forward this work to the fullest fruition unless the organization of labor gives them loyal support and thorough co-operation."

ST. LOUIS JUDGE USES PLEDGE SYSTEM IN DEALING WITH VICTIMS OF DRINK

In many of American cities the excessive tippling and the man who has imbibed too much or the man who has overstepped the bounds of discretion, is roughly seized by some ambulatory policeman, rushed to the "jug," where he either "does" time or is otherwise publicly proclaimed a drunkard by the fine imposed. In all cities the police grabbing process is imposed upon inebriates when their condition points the fat way to the police station. But in one town at least every man who is arrested for having partaken too freely of the much abused and petted while the stigma of having been a drunkard and fined or sent to do time on the rock pile.

At the bar of justice in the Second district police court in St. Louis sits Judge William Jefferson Pollard, who has evolved a plan of "treating" drunkards based upon common sense, and it proceeds along the line of his judicial discretion and not under the law. Judge Pollard believes that reclamation is better than punishment, and his plan, which when adopted several years ago, was scoffed at, has since been adopted by the British parliament.

The method is simple, it is humane and it does away with a large per cent of crime inasmuch as the cure for drunkards is the cure for crime.

The system consists in suspending sentence upon a drunkard and setting him at liberty when he is willing to sign the pledge. Hardened sinners along this line are not given the privilege of signing the pledge. Such victims of the drink habit as have lost their physical and moral self-control to an extent making complete inability to leave liquor alone are given heavy sentences. The paroled man signs a pledge promising to report once or twice a week as long as the pledge runs, with the liberty of calling at the judge's home in the evening if the probationer's employment demands. On these calls he is given advice and encouragement.

"I have found men to be, for the most part, anxious to do right, and I believe it is the duty of the judge to encourage that desire in every way possible. I would make my court a tribunal of reformation rather than of punishment. I would rather send a man back to his family and keep him sober than to send him to prison."

"These are the words of Judge Pollard, and upon this, in brief, is founded that most remarkable yet beneficial practice. Only five out of every hundred that take the pledge ever break it, and many of them, through the appeal to their finer sense, attain a condition of total abstinence. Under this system the magistrate gives courage to the offender, hope to his family and blessing to the state.

SHERIFF SENT TO JAIL.

Utica, N. Y., March 6.—Leonard Drake, under sheriff of this county, was today fined \$250 and sentenced to jail for thirty days for contempt. Drake attempted to set a business man of this city to burn his books, or in some manner conceal them, when they had been subpoenaed before the grand jury that is investigating the affairs of this county.

LUMBER MILL BURNED.

Portland, Ore., March 6.—The mill of the Westport Lumber company at Westport, on the lower Columbia river, burned today. The loss will reach \$200,000. The cause of the fire has not been ascertained.

We Have No Competition

In quality, we meet others' prices—sometimes, not always. Best work, fair prices. Our business grows. Century Printing Co., 55-57 Postoffice Place.

Whiskey for Lame Back.

To one-half pint of good whiskey, add one ounce of syrup sarsaparilla and one ounce Toris compound, which can be procured of any druggist. Take in teaspoonful doses before each meal and before retiring. This recipe is said to be the best known to medical science.

AMUSEMENTS

With two exemplifications of the modern school of Italian opera—"Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci"—the engagement of the Lombardi Opera company at the Colonial came to an end last evening.

While both operas were well done, the general standard was not quite up to that of some of the other productions by this company. This is rather to be wondered at, for a modern Italian grand opera company, it would seem, should excel especially in modern Italian grand opera. At times last evening the company seemed to be ill prepared; and there was more than one painful pause when the prompter had to shout the cues from the wings.

Nevertheless, both productions afforded great delight to the lovers of music. It was an evening of laurels for the men. The women were eclipsed in both productions. In "Cavalleria Rusticana" the leading masculine roles were taken by Angelo Antola as Alfio and Alessandro Scalabrini as Turiddu. Scalabrini has a splendid voice and good stage presence, and he dominated during the brief period he was on the stage. Antola appeared to advantage, but Ardizoni Tosi as Santuzza, while well above the mediocre, could not compare with some of the great artists who have essayed this role.

There is one part of this opera which is known to everybody who knows music at all. This is the famed intermezzo. The entire audience was waiting for it, and in this rendition the orchestra, under Jacchia, achieved the great triumph of the evening. The orchestra is not large, but the strings are splendid, and they led forth the wild, passionate, plaintive strains of this masterpiece as they have been led forth but seldom among the almost infinite number of times this piece of music has been played.

"Pagliacci" was notable for the chorus work and the acting of the two men principals. Tosi again had the leading soprano role, and did not do any better in this than she did in the opera just preceding. Eugenio Battaini as Canio and Antola as Tonio embraced their opportunities to the uttermost. Both were really great. Battaini, as has been stated in these columns before, is an actor as well as a singer, and he bore well the tragic role. Antola was almost ideal as the clown, both in acting and singing. While his rendition of Escamillo in "Carmen" was well above the mediocre, he went far ahead of this standard last evening as Tonio. His voice is well adapted to the part, and his acting was practically flawless. The attendance was not all it should be. It is to be hoped that the management will not for this reason despair of coming here again, and that when this excellent aggregation does return it will have capacity houses, for it deserves them.

"Rigoletto" was sung by the Lombardi Grand Opera company yesterday afternoon at the Colonial. The piece itself is disgusting, but that does not alter the fact that some of the most majestic music written by Verdi is contained therein. The soprano part is surpassing. The Duke was sung by Gerardi Graziani, whose tenor is above average. The other principal parts in the cast were Paola Wulman as Sparafucile, Renata Pezzati as Maddalena and Ardido Mauerer as Monterone.

HEALTH REPORT SHOWS INCREASE IN SMALLPOX

Contagious diseases are again on the increase, the board of health report for the week ending Friday night showing sixty-seven cases in the city, as compared with fifty-six for the previous week. The increase is chiefly smallpox cases, which numbered twenty-two, as against twelve in the previous week. The other diseases were: Scarlet fever, eighteen; whooping cough, eighteen; diphtheria, three; measles, two; chickenpox, two; typhoid fever, one; tuberculosis, one.

There are still thirty-six houses under quarantine in the city on account of smallpox, and fifteen cases remain at the isolation hospital. There are also quarantined thirty-nine houses on account of scarlet fever, nine for diphtheria and one for epidemic spinal meningitis.

Besides these smallpox cases, three more were reported Saturday. These were Bessie and James Roach, aged 14 and 15 years, children of James Roach, 229 South Eighth West street, and Joseph Leatham, 25 years, room 50 Imperial hotel.

Births jumped back to where they belong and are again ahead of the deaths for the past week, numbering fifty-one, of whom twenty-seven were boys and twenty-four girls. There were thirty-two deaths, of whom twenty were male and twelve females. Six bodies were shipped to Salt Lake City for burial.

FATALLY INJURED.

Missoula, Mont., March 6.—While directing the operations of the wrecker in removing an overturned car from the main line between Thompson Falls and Woodbury today, John M. Rapelle, superintendent of the Rocky Mountain division of the Northern Pacific, and one of the best known railroad men in the state, was seriously and perhaps fatally injured. A pair of grappling hooks slipped from their fastenings and struck the superintendent on the head. Mr. Rapelle was knocked down a fifteen-foot embankment and against a pile of ties. His skull was fractured, and several ribs were broken.

DECLARED INSANE.

Springfield, Ill., March 6.—At midnight tonight a jury returned a verdict finding insane Sherman Potts of Lovington, Ill., who a week ago assaulted Evangelist "Billy" Sunday with a buggy whip, while Sunday was standing upon the tabernacle platform before a crowd of people praying. Potts has an hallucination that he is commissioned by God to chastise certain people whose religious methods he disapproves.

HAS RETAINED COUNSEL.

Omaha, Neb., March 6.—John D. Savis, the Greek arrested Thursday with a necklace valued at \$50,000 in his possession, has retained counsel and will fight any attempt to remove him from Nebraska.

OUR IMMENSE Closing Out Sale Is an Overwhelming Success THE REASONS:

The Ladies' Shoes Men's Shoes

At \$2.35, \$2.65, \$2.95, \$3.15, \$3.35 and \$3.95 are the best makes known.

OXFORDS, TOO.

Bannisters', Slater & Morrill, and a long line of high-grade shoes.

\$2.95, \$3.35, \$3.85, \$4.20.

Bargain Table Specials in children's shoes, ladies' dancing slippers, men's heavy shoes.

Romney Shoe Store

214 SOUTH MAIN STREET.



A Convincing Experiment

Dr. Sabouraud of the Pasteur Institute, Paris, France, inoculated a rabbit with human dandruff germs, and "in between five and six weeks," says the official report of the Pasteur Institute, "the rabbit was completely denuded, in fact it had become entirely bald."

This experiment proves that dandruff is a contagious disease, due to the presence of a microbe growth in the sebaceous glands of the scalp. It also proves that unless the formation of dandruff is stopped—by destroying the dandruff germ—that it will lead to falling hair and incurable baldness.

NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE

Is the Original remedy that kills the dandruff germ, and its success in the treatment of dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair is oftentimes little short of marvelous. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

Send 10c in stamps to THE HERPICIDE COMPANY, Dept. 5, Detroit, Mich., for Sample and booklet. One Dollar bottles guaranteed. At Drug Stores. When you call for Herpicide, do not accept a substitute. Applications at prominent Barber Shops.

SMITH DRUG CO., DRUEHL & FRANKEN, SPECIAL AGENTS.

Haven't You Noticed

That when you have a new suit of clothes on you sort of pity your friend who is wearing his old one? Sort of swell up and throw your chest out, don't you? Have to check yourself to keep from patronizing him, eh? You haven't observed it? Well, call on us and get into one of our SELF-ADVERTISING NEW SPRING SUITS, and then see how you feel. Why, it's like having money in the bank. And then think how your beautiful little wife will admire you in the suit. WHAT? She can't admire you more than she does now? She can't, eh? Say, you haven't seen our new spring suits, or you wouldn't be talking that way.

We are getting in our new goods all the time now. They're great. They're grand. They're glorious. They have been most carefully selected from the largest and best stocks in the east. They have been well-chosen and well-bought. They are just what you have been wanting for years. And it isn't at all necessary to state that we want to sell them to you.

Mullett's Clothing Store

41-45 West Second South Street

J. W. EDMUNDS, Receiver

Build a Fire This Morning?

So did many others, and there are still others who just lighted an odorless

GAS HEATER

and the room was warm before your fire was even burning good. Besides, they did not have any coal, ashes, dirt and kindling to bother with.

Now, here is your chance. We are going to offer all our heaters this week at **25% Discount** from regular prices

\$6.10 Heater, now \$4.60 \$10.00 Heater, now \$7.50

CONNECTION CHARGES \$2.00 EACH

UTAH GAS & COKE CO.

61-65 MAIN STREET. PHONES 4321.

IF IT HAPPENS IT'S IN THE HERALD.